effectively. We should not go into other matters. You have drawn attention to the issue. We should not go into the question of who is being appointed or who is not. ...(*Interruptions*)... You are a very senior Member. ...(*Interruptions*)... Please conclude. ...(*Interruptions*)...

SHRI VIRENDRA KATARIA: I would conclude by saying that we should not forget those people who have sacrified their lives, lives of their family members and those who performed and discharged their lawful duty. They have fought a war of our country. This is of paramount importance that they were not fighting just to restore peace in Tarantarn or in the State as a whole, but they were fighting a war for the country. So, we must see it in that perspective and try to save our brave people. Otherwise, the nations who forget their heroes, they do not find any place in the history of the world. They go into the abysmal depth of history. I again request that the nation should take care of them. Thank you.

PROF. VIJAY KUMAR MALHOTRA (Delhi): Sir, I just to associate myself with the sentiments expressed by the hon. Member. ...(*Interruptions*)... महोदय, मैं सिर्फ एसोशिएट करना चाहता हूं। महोदय पंजाब में फिर से आतंकवाद आ रहा है तब पुलिस को डिमोरेलाइज नहीं करना चाहिए। जहां एक भी आतंकवादी को सजा नहीं हुई और हजारों पुलिस वाले जेल में हैं। महोदय, मैं वीरेन्द्र कटारिया जी के साथ अपने को एसोशिएट करता हूं।

उपसभाध्यक्ष (श्री त्रिलोकी नाथ चतुर्वेदी): धन्यवाद।

कल्याण मंत्री (श्री बलवन्त सिंह रामूवालिया): सर, ऑनरेबल मेंबर जो कह रहे हैं कि कुछ ऐसे लोगों ने जिन्होंने आतंकवादियों को पनाह दी है उनको चैयरमेन लगाया जा रहा है। अगर आप के पास किसी का नाम है कि किस को लगाया जा रहा है, नहीं लगाया जा रहा है ...(**व्यवधान**)...

PROF. VIJAY KUMAR MALHOTRA (Delhi): You should not take up this case like this. ...(*Interruptions*)... You are a Minister. ...*Interruptions*)...

उपसभाध्यक्ष (श्री त्रिलोकी नाथ चतुर्वेदी): अगर वह होगा तो वह सरकार को भी इत्तला करेंगे। जनता को भी इत्तला करेंगे। ऐसी चीजें कोई पर्दे के पीछे तो नहीं हुआ करती हैं।

RE. UNDUE RESTRICTIONS BY THE WEST ON INDIA'S TRADE

DR. Y. RADHAKRISHNA MURTY (Andhra Pradesh): Sir, our country is saturated with problems—political, administrative, social, economic and ethical. In spite of our differences in perception, all of us have been grappling with those problems inside the country. Sir, we are facing problems created not only by our hostile neighbours but we are also facing problems created by those countries which are supposed to be our friends, which are supposed to be our benefactors and which are supposed to be our global partners. Today this is the subject of my submission.

Sir, we are pound of our achievements and we are proud of our scientists who have made our achievements possible in space technology and in nuclear and missile programmes. Let us recall the treacherous embargo on our acquiring croygenic engine from Russia for our space programme. It was intended to cap our Prithvi programme and stall our Agni launching though both are supposed to vegetarians!...In a sense they are not very harmful when compared to our neighbour's missile. In 1980's the U.S. did not permit the sale of its advanced CRAY-X super computer to India for use in weather forecast. Our scientists have taken up the challenge and made the Cryogenic Engine and the Super Computer. The same is the story about the nuclear power plants also. During the last few weeks, restrictions were placed on American Exports to Indian companies—both private and public—on the plea that they are supporting nuclear proliferation activities in India. The companies include both private and public sector companies-

BEL., ISRO, BARC, the Indian Space Research Organisation Godrej and Boyce, DRDO and a host of others. The Clinton Administration has also asked an American firm—IGG Corporation—to pay a penalty fo $ 4,50,000 for supplying India integrated circutes for our...

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): Dr. Murty, you need not go into the details.

SHRI NILOTPAL BASU (West Bengal): Sir, the issue is very serious.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI) Yes, I know and I am glad that the Government is appreciating it. I hope, the Government will also take subsequent action ...(*Interruptions*)...

DR. Y. RADHAKRISHNA MURTY: Sir, our Ghagra Skirts which are seeling like hot cakes in America were called 'inflemable' without every catching fire and their import was discouraged.

Our unblemished cotton goods and bed linen which we are exporting to the European Union are also subjected to antidumping levy and a case for legal action at W.T.O. was filed.

In regard to our carpets when they reach the foreign countries, a smell of 'child labour' comes out of it and therefore, they attract 'social clauses.' They are now dumping newsprint and other paper into our country to the detriment of our demestic industry—both private and public.

Sir, now I would like to say something about penicillin product. We have ample capacity to produce penicillin in India but the down stream penicillin products which are imported from foreign countries are now being dumped into our country. The West is trying to utilise all sorts of explanations like non-tariff trade barriers to reduce our exports to the tune of about 20% as accepted by the Government—a clandestine protectionism to which we are not supposed to be eligible. Now, we are asked to phase out our quantitative restrictions, this is an important point which I wanted to mention this morning, either immediately or almost immediately because we went on trumpeting about our forex reserves,—of course, for internal consumption—that our economic fundamentals are very strong, forex reserves are over-flowing and all that. So, we are asked to remember the Articles of GATT and do away with all exemption limits for nine years and so on and so forth and immediately bring them down and we have to allow the whisky imported from Scotland, cars from Japan, jeans from the U.S., wheat from Australia, chocolates from Switzerland, without any restrictions and also some auto-kits and kit-kats and what not. We bargain—meekly, of course—to leave us for five or six years. Nobody listens to us when we argue that our foreign reserves are not real, not dependable and are very volatile. If we do not heed to their dictates, we are threatened to be dragged to the "Dispute Settlement Body" of the W.T.O.—certainly it is not our cousin—with all...

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): I think, Dr. Murty, you have raised a very important matter. The Minister for Commerce is listening to your submission.

DR. Y. RADHAKRISHNA MURTY: Sir, the Chair has been very kind since this morning to all my senior Members.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): My difficulty is, I want you also share liberalism with the other seven Members...(*Interruptions*)... You please go ahead.

DR. Y. RADHAKRISHNA MURTY: We are asked to go to the "Dispute Setting Body" with all the pernicous "reverse burden of proof" clauses. Our Government has been saying that we can raise the height of our tariff walls, which we started demolishing long back. the Federation of Commerce and Industry has recently—I have seen in yesterday's newspaper—demanded that the Government may make any deal with the WTO

only on the basis of reciprocity on the part of a developed country. South Korea did so up to 1984: We can also do the same for the coming 9 or 10 years. We are, of course, strong in the case of steel, cement, textiles, chemicals, etc.

SHRI JOHN. F. FERNANDES (Goa): The hon. Minister thinks so. But, I am sure the country does not think so ...(*Interruptions*)...

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): I am sure that you are now going to conclude. The Minister is here to hear what you are saying.

DR. Y. RADHAKRISHNA MURTY: According to the UNDP the protectionist measures by 24 industrialist countries cost the third world countries half-a-trillion dollars each year. Several economic studies, including some published by the UNCTAD, have cautioned the developing countries on hasty liberalisation underlying that the liberalisation of finance sectors, should be the last to be done. And it gives us a warning the "Free trade orthodoxy" should not be a one-way traffic. We own an explanation to our people for the harakiri which we committed at the GATT negotiations. Probably this is the worst economic accident which the country has faced. Somebody has to resign for it.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): Thank you, very much. The Government will respond to this. Shri Margabandu...(*Interruptions*)...

SHRI MD. SALIM (West Bengal): Dr. Murty has spoken. The Minister is present here; he should react.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): I think, the Minister is trying to digest what he has said. But, I have no objection if the Commerce Minister wants to respond...(*Interruptions*)...

SHRI NILOTPAL BASU: It is not really so.

PROF. VIJAY KUMAR MALHOTRA (Delhi): It is a very serious matter...(*Interruptions*)...

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): I have no objection.

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI BOLLA BULI RAMAIAH): The hon. Member who spoke just now is quite realistic and pratical in a number of issues. We are also taking proper care of it. That is why in Geneva we are still negotiating on it. We have not surrendered. We have put our facts very clearly and we stand firm with our country's safety and protection. Wherever we are doing negotiations, it is only after consulting department-wise or product-wise. Taking this into consideration we have been able to do it. It is not a one-way traffic. When our grey cotton fabric was put under anti-dumping in European Union, we went to the WTO has reacted and has given us safety. They said, "This is against the rules". We got the protection. This has happened in the United States. When our woolen goods had gone there, they were also protected.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI) : I think, you have no objection that we can have a half-an-hour discussion subsequently. You also want some time to explain the position...(*Interruptions*)...

SHRI JOHN F. FERNANDES: Sir, has the Government raised a strong objection to black-listing of power firms by the USA, which is not included in the WTO Agreement? Has the Government raised any objection?

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN (SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATURVEDI): Now we will link it. All these things can be taken up now because Mr. Margabandu is not present and now it is your chance to raise your question. Shri John Fernandes.